

Simultaneous isolation and concentration with SmartFlow™ TFF

This *Simultaneous isolation and concentration* protocol is intended for isolating, concentrating and desalting a small recombinant molecule in two simultaneous processes. This process has been repeatedly implemented with consistent success in *E.coli* and *Pichia* fermentations with products in the 8-30K molecular weight range. This process works best with secreted target molecules, but acceptable results will be obtained with lysed cell starting material.

The initial step isolates the target molecule from the fermentation broth by using a 100 kD regenerated cellulose membrane to pass the target molecule freely into the permeate and retain the cells, large molecular weight broth components, and any accumulated cell debris. The protocol call for the fermentation broth to be concentrated to 2X prior to starting the diafiltration. The required diafiltration buffer is generated in the second ultrafiltration process.

The target of the second step is to concentrate the target molecule with a 5kD regenerated cellulose ultrafiltration membrane. The permeate from this process is fed back to the recirculation loop of the isolation process to create a closed loop system. The target product is concentrated in the retentate tank of the second loop and recovered when the desired concentration or target yield is achieved.

Process Conditions: <u>Product:</u> 8-30k MW Product <u>Process Objective:</u> Isolation from fermentation broth with a batch size ranging from 100-1000L. <u>Procedure:</u> Concentrate the starting material 2X and perform a 5X diafiltration <u>Isolation Loop Filter:</u> OPTISEP® 11000 RC 100 kD UF membrane, 0.75 mm channel height <u>Isolation Loop Velocity:</u> 100 cm/sec <u>Concentration Loop Filter:</u> OPTISEP 11000 RC 5 kD UF membrane, 0.75 mm channel height <u>Concentration Loop Shear:</u> 10,000 sec ⁻¹ <u>Expected Yield:</u> >95% product yield



Figure 1 – Simultaneous Processing Schematic

Enter the fermentation broth volume to be used in the isolation loop fill in the following table: Table 1 Membrane area determination – isolation loop

	А	В	C	D	E		
	Starting Volume (liters)	LM* for isolation step	RC 100 Membrane area required (Col A/ Col B)	OPTISEP 11000 filter module (9.8 m ²) RC 100 kD 0.75 gasket	Velocity of retentate at the membrane surface	Shear sec ⁻¹	Recirculation flow rate (per 9.8 m ² OPTISEP 11000 module)
Production		60		74-E5B-0100	100 cm/sec	6,470	260 L/min (70 gpm)

* Liters per m² membrane area

Simultaneous isolation and concentration

The isolation loop uses the OPTISEP[®] 11000 module with RC 100 UF membrane and 0.75 mm channel height to concentrate the process stream 2X. The process volume for the first step is determined by the fermentation volume. The required membrane area is determined by dividing the starting volume by 60 LM (Table 1).

Works™ Protocol

Example: 500 L fermentation / $60 \text{ LM} = 8.3 \text{ m}^2$ Purchase 1 100 ft² (9.8 m²) OPTISEP 11000 filter module.

Run the process at 260 L/min per 100 ft² (9.8m²) module with 20 psig (1.37 bar) inlet pressure and 12 psig (0.83 bar) outlet pressure. This will result in a TMP of 16 psig (1.10 bar) Collect the permeate from the isolation loop in the recirculation reservoir for the concentration loop.

When the isolation loop reaches 2X concentration, start the concentration loop to capture the target product.

The concentration loop utilizes OPTISEP 11000 modules with RC 5 UF membrane and a 0.75 mm channel height. The concentration loop contains twice the membrane area of the isolation loop because the small pore size membrane tends to have a slower flux than the larger pore size membrane used for the product isolation. The flux in the concentration loop must be able to exceed the permeate flow rate in isolation step to maintain an uninterrupted source of diafiltration buffer. Adjust the pump speed to 400 L/min (100 gpm) per 100 ft² (9.8m²) OPTISEP 11000 module. Adjust the TMP to achieve a back pressure of 60 psi. If the permeate flow is higher than the diafiltration needs of the isolation step, the pressure can be lowered. As the system pressure is changed, the flow rate of the pump may change. Be sure to adjust the pump speed to maintain the required recirculation rate.

	А	В	С	D	E			
	Starting Volume (liters)	LM for concentration step	RC 5 Membrane area required Col A / Col B	OPTISEP 11000 filter module (9.8 m²)	Velocity of retentate at the membrane surface	Shear sec ⁻¹	Recirculation flow rate (per 9.8 m ² OPTISEP 11000 module)	ТМР
Production			Twice the membrane area of Loop 1	74-E5B -0005	155 cm/sec	10,000	400 L/min (105gpm)	Set to achieve needed permeate flow

Table 2 - Concentration loop calculations

Based on the permeate flow in the isolation step, run both systems simultaneously for the required period of time to perform a 5X diafiltration the product in the isolation loop.

After the 5X diafiltration is complete, the isolation loop may be cleaned. Remember to remove the permeate line from the concentration loop retentate tank. The permeate line from the concentration loop may be moved from the retentate tank of the concentration loop and directed to waste.

Concentrate the product in the concentration loop to the desired level. To increase the process yield, over concentrate the product in the concentration loop by one system volume and use a one volume of system flush to recover product residue remaining in the system after draining. To maximize the effectiveness of the rinse, Simultaneous isolation and concentration

recirculate the rinse buffer at half the process recirculation rate (48 L/min per OPTISEP® 11000 module) for 5 minutes with the backpressure set to zero and the permeate line going back to the feed tank.

Works™ Protocol

For small scale verification of the *Simultaneous concentration and diafiltration* protocol prior to scale up, Table 3 contains the products and process conditions to perform a 60L trial using 10 ft² (0.9 m²) OPTISEP 11000 modules.

Execute the process steps above at the 60L starting volume. This will require a minimum retentate tank for the concentration loop of 30L.

	Starting Volume (liters)	LM for isolation step	Membrane area required (Col A/Col B)	OPTISEP 11000 filter module (10 ft² (0.9 m²))	Velocity of retentate at the membrane surface	Shear sec ⁻¹	Recirculation flow rate	ТМР
Isolation Loop	60	60	1.0	71-E5B-0100	100 cm/sec	6,470	30.7 L/min (8.1 gpm)	16
Concentration Loop	30	15 Set by isolation step.	2.0	71-E5B -0005 Two (2) required	155 cm/sec	10,000	95.0 L/min (25.0 gpm)	Set to achieve needed permeate flow rate.

Table 3 – Small scale protocol evaluation requirements

If the results from the small scale verification runs are unacceptable or there is the desire to optimize the process for the target molecule, perform the systematic evaluation of alternative membranes and process condition described in the *Simultaneous isolation and concentration_*Optimization Procedure from NCSRT. To learn how others have applied the patented *SmartFlow* filter modules technology to their separations, consult the *Simultaneous isolation and concentration* Case Study.

Description	Part Number					
		OPTISEP 11000	OPTISEP 11000			
		filter module	filter module			
		RC100 membrane	RC 5 membrane			
		0.75 mm channel	0.75 mm channel			
OPTISEP 11000 filter		74 555 0400				
100 ft² (9.8 m²)		/4-E5B-0100	/4-E5B-0005			
OPTISEP 11000 filter		72 550 0400	70 550 0005			
50 ft² (4.9 m²)		/2-E5B-0100	/2-E5B-0005			
OPTISEP 11000 filter						
10 ft² (0.9 m²)		/1-E5B-0100	/1-E5B-0005			
OPTISEP 11000	70-900-2300					
holder	70-900-2900					
Cart for OPTISEP	0050-53-02					
11000 holder	0000 00 02					



NCSRT, Inc. 1000 Goodworth Dr. Apex, NC 27539 USA Phone: +1 919 387 8460 Fax: +1 919 387 8540 email: info@ncsrt.com Web: http://www.ncsrt.com